DOING BUSINESS IN THE EDMONTON REGION

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2024

Edmonton Global Thank you for considering the Edmonton region. As the region's economic development organization, we are here to support you. We've prepared a guide to help you settle successfully in the region.

The Edmonton region offers a lot of opportunities to companies considering it for their next venture or expansion. The region is home to a lively and fast-growing innovation ecosystem, offers access to top talent, and all in a region that is one of the most business-friendly jurisdictions in North America.

Edmonton Global+

WE ARE YOUNG, EDUCATED, GROWING, & CONNECTED



If you've visited the Edmonton region, you've likely seen our airport code - YEG. It may not have meant much to you at the time, but the Edmonton Metropolitan Region's value proposition centres around this code. YEG - the region is Young, Educated, Growing, and Connected.

The Edmonton region is YOUNG

• The region is among the youngest and most productive populations in North America, with a median age of 37 and 70% workforce participation

The Edmonton region is EDUCATED

- The region is home to eight post-secondary institutions offering more than 170 programs to approximately 130,000 students
- The University of Alberta is ranked in the global top 100, and the Northern Alberta Institute of Technology is the largest technology and apprenticeship trainer in Canada

The Edmonton region is GROWING

- The region is home to more than 1.5 million people, is Canada's fifth-largest economy, and generates 30% of Alberta's GDP
- The Edmonton region is Canada's fastest-growing major metropolitan centre

The Edmonton region is CONNECTED

- The region is an international manufacturing, cargo, and logistics hub.
- Our northern location is a strategic advantage, providing unparalleled access to Asia and beyond through circumpolar routes
- The entire region is an inland port where air, rail, pipelines, and roadways converge with favourable regulations and the benefits of a Foreign Trade Zone

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EdmontonGlobal.ca



HOW CAN EDMONTON GLOBAL HELP?



Edmonton Global. **EDMONTON GLOBAL**

Our team of expert business advisors at Edmonton Global are fully equipped to assist you in accessing the most dynamic, young, educated, and growing region in the world.

Site Selection

HELP?

HOW CAN

When an organization is looking to set up a business in a new region, there are numerous site factors and information to be assessed before making any crucial business decisions. For companies, investors, and site selectors that are exploring a location in the region, Edmonton **Global provides:**

- A full inventory of listed commercial/industrial land and buildings in the region.
- Help with pairing your project with relevant construction partners and vendors.
- Industry information and labour, workforce, and demographic data.
- Regional infrastructure information.

Data Analysis

Edmonton Global's market research and business intelligence team utilizes traditional data sets to provide accurate insights into the economic and demographic landscape. This information aids investors in understanding the regional economy.

Ecosystem

Edmonton Global can connect you to our thriving ecosystem that includes investors, elevators, an extensive startup support system, and established and prominent research hubs.

Expanding Business Networks

Edmonton Global can connect you to partners and service providers that can work with you and support your business goals.

Marketing

We can provide guidance and assistance in amplifying your news and presence in the region through news releases, events and other communication channels. We can also facilitate connections with relevant vendors and service providers.



SETTING UP IN THE EDMONTON REGION

How you organize your company can impact taxes, insurance, eligibility for government incentives, and other factors that can affect your business goals.

Expanding your company into the Edmonton region can be done by establishing a "branch office" or through the establishment of a new business.



ESTABLISH A NEW BUSINESS

Whether you're establishing a new corporation or subsidiary, the procedure remains the same –you must incorporate your company.

Incorporating a business can bring many advantages including legal, financial, and personal benefits. By becoming a legal entity, your business can limit the liability of its shareholders. Moreover, it can provide long-term stability, enhance your company's professional reputation, and make it more investable.

In Canada, you have two options:

Incorporate Federally:

• This option provides increased name protection and gives you the ability to carry on business anywhere in Canada. If you incorporate federally, you are required to have a Canadian director.

Incorporate Provincially:

- This option allows you to do business in the province in which you incorporated only. To do business in other provinces, you will need to incorporate again.
- If your corporation was formed in another province or country, it must be registered in Alberta to carry out business in Alberta.

To incorporate provincially in Alberta by following these steps:

- 1. Choose a name for your corporation
- 2. Obtain an Alberta NUANS report This report will allow you to ensure there is no other corporation with an identical name or a name that is too similar to your proposed name.
- 3. Collect information needed for incorporation
- 4. Record your corporation's address
- 5. Elect a director
- 6. Appoint a service agent
- 7. Submit your application package

Other Considerations

The New West Partnership Trade Agreement (NWPTA)

A trade relationship between the Western Canadian provinces of Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan. The agreement makes it easier for corporations, limited partnerships, and limited liability partnerships to do business in other provinces.

Cooperatives

A cooperative is a business organization established by a group of people who want to use services or buy goods collectively, have an equal say in how the business is run, and share in any profits the business makes.

CREATING A BRANCH OFFICE



Setting up a branch office comes with lower start-up costs and has no Canadian director requirement. However, it's important to understand that legally, the branch will not be separate from its parent company. This means the branch is responsible for any debts, liabilities, and obligations of the parent corporation. Other significant factors that may come into play, include:

- The income of the parent corporation can be reduced by applying losses, which may be subject to the laws of the parent corporation's jurisdiction.
- The Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) may ask the foreign parent company for financial documents. Once profitable, the advantage of a branch carrying losses to the parent is lost.

To be eligible for registering a branch office in Canada, a foreign parent company must meet the following criteria:

- The foreign parent firm should be in good standing and possess a legal business license in its home country.
- The foreign parent firm should possess a legitimate entity that is acknowledged in Canada, such as a corporation, limited liability company, or partnership.
- The branch office should possess a valid corporation objective that is compatible with Canadian laws and regulations.
- The branch office should possess the required monetary resources to support its operations in Canada.
- The branch office should possess a designated representative in Canada who is entitled to act on its behalf.
- The branch office should acknowledge all Canadian constitutions and legislation, involving tax laws, labour laws, and immigration laws.



Intellectual Property

Intellectual property (IP) refers to creation of the mind. IP includes inventions, literary and artistic works, designs and symbols, and names and images used in business. In Canada, <u>The Canadian Intellectual Property</u> <u>Office (CIPO)</u> is a special operating agency of <u>Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada</u> and delivers intellectual property services to educate Canadians on how to use IP more effectively.



HOW TO OPEN A BUSINESS BANK ACCOUNT

Once a company is officially incorporated, it can proceed to apply to open bank accounts. To do so, the company must furnish a copy of its articles of incorporation along with two valid forms of identification. Additionally, Edmonton Global can assist in making necessary introductions to a reliable commercial banking partner to ease the process.



OPENING A BANK ACCOUNT



Once a company is officially incorporated, it can apply to open a bank account. To do this, the company must provide a copy of its articles of incorporation along with two valid forms of identification. Edmonton Global can assist in making necessary introductions to a reliable commercial banking partner to ease this process. There are a number of different accounts you can choose from:

- Foreign currency account: This account allows you to make and accept payments in the currency you are doing business in and save on foreign exchange conversion costs. With this type of account, there's no commitment to hold a certain balance on your account.
- **Business bank account:** Business bank accounts can be opened by foreign non-resident business owners. A business bank account allows you to carry out almost all of the same transactions as a personal account (deposits, withdrawals, transfers, line of credit, etc.), but can be set up to have several signatories.

The costs associated with opening and maintaining a business bank account are typically higher than those for personal accounts. However, these fees grant access to specialized professionals in various business sectors (such as agriculture, franchises, real estate, NPOs, etc.) and tailored banking services designed to meet the unique needs of your businesses. Although the law does not require you to open a bank account for your sole proprietorship, opening one has several advantages.

Other considerations:

- International transactions: In Canada when you open a payment processing account, you can do business in both CAD and USD. This is a huge advantage for any business that wants to sell to U.S. customers but doesn't have (or doesn't want to have) a U.S. company, U.S. bank accounts, or USD payment processing. You can manage foreign transactions in two ways:
 - **USD foreign exchange:** you can make and receive payments in USD without having to open a U.S. account.
 - International foreign exchange: you can make and receive payments in foreign currencies using your existing accounts with any bank in Canada.



FINANCING OPTIONS



FINANCING OPTIONS

There are many solutions are available to businesses seeking project financing in the Edmonton region including:

- Banks (See complete list in Appendix, List 1)
- Financial cooperatives (See complete list in Appendix, List 2)
- Public and semi-public organizations such as Invest Alberta (financial assistance with subsidies, grants, tax credits), the Business Development Bank of Canada, the Canadian Council for Agri-Business (CCAB), credit unions and loans and trust corporations
- Find a complete list of provincial grants and funding by visiting this website (Economic development funding and grants | Alberta.ca).
- Business capital and mentoring such as capital and financing support for entrepreneurs, GreenSTEM, and the Canadian Agricultural Partnership
- · Workers' investment funds Workforce Strategic Grants
- Venture capital funds
- Angel investors—private investors are very active in Alberta, particularly with startups and high-tech companies.

Note: Visit Alberta.ca to see a full list of supports for small business



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INCENTIVES AND INVESTMENT ATTRACTION

Government incentives have long been a key part of economic development policy in Canada. Incentives take a variety of forms, but are generally either entitlements or discretionary (direct or indirect). Both types can be structured and delivered differently as tax incentives, subsidies, tax rebates or other financial incentives. In Canada, governments typically base incentives on job creation, employee training, and investments that are associated with new facility developments, corporate expansion, or relocation.



Alberta is one of the most business friendly jurisdictions in North America with a corporate tax rate of 8%, one of the lowest in North America, and the lowest rate in Canada. The Edmonton region offers a number of investment and tax incentives.

The Alberta Petrochemicals Incentive Program (APIP)

This program was launched in July 2020 to support investment in the chemical and petrochemical sectors. APIP is a 5 or 10-year grant program, depending on the size of the project's capital investment. Every project that meets the program criteria will receive funding once built and operational.

Innovation Employment Grant

Qualified corporations may claim the Innovation Employment Grant (IEG). The IEG is equal to 8% of eligible expenditures with respect to scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) carried out in Alberta after December 31, 2020. Qualified corporations may also be eligible to claim an additional amount equal to 12% of eligible expenditures in excess of its base level of spending.

Foreign Investment Income Tax Credit

A corporation may be entitled to claim an Alberta Foreign Investment Income Tax Credit if it received foreign investment income and is entitled to claim a foreign tax credit under the federal act relating to foreign income or profits tax paid on income from foreign nonbusiness sources. Foreign investment income is income earned outside Canada that is not reasonably attributable to the carrying on of the corporation's business.

Film and Television Tax Credit

This is a refundable Alberta tax credit certificate on eligible Alberta production and labour costs to corporations that produce films, television series, and other eligible screen-based productions in the province. Applicants may apply for either a 22% or 30% tax credit rate. Principal photography must not have started before an application is submitted to the program.

Alberta Agri-processing Investment Tax Credit

Provides a 12% non-refundable tax credit against eligible capital expenditures for corporations investing \$10 million or more to build or expand agri-processing facilities in Alberta. This program builds on Alberta's other competitive advantages to make the province the preferred destination for large-scale agri-processing investments.

The Innovation Employment Grant

This grant provides up to 20% funding toward qualifying research and development costs . It particularly supports small and medium-sized businesses in their early stages, even if they're not profitable yet.

Alberta Export Expansion Program

The Alberta Expansion Program provides funding support to Alberta small and mediumsized enterprises (SMEs), municipalities, industry associations, Indigenous communities, and economic development organizations promoting Alberta exports through:

- outbound international business travel
- activities that bring international buyers to Alberta

Canada-Alberta Job Grant

The Canada-Alberta Job Grant is a training program where an employer applies on behalf of their employee(s) for eligible training costs. Employers decide who gets training and what type of training may be needed for their employees.

Alberta Carbon Capture Incentive Program (ACCIP)

The Alberta Carbon Capture Incentive Program (ACCIP) will support and accelerate the development of new carbon capture, utilization and storage (CCUS) infrastructure and provides a grant worth 12 percent towards the capital cost of CCUS projects.

Clean Technology Tax Credits:

- 1. Investment Tax Credit between 15 and 40 per cent for Clean Hydrogen production projects.
- 2. Investment Tax Credit of up to 30 per cent Clean Technology.
- 3. Investment Tax Credit of 15 per cent for Electricity.
- 4. Investment Tax Credit of 30 per cent for Clean Technology Manufacturing.
- 5. Reduced Tax Rates for Zero-Emission Technology Manufacturers
- 6. Investment Tax Credit up to 60 per cent for Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage (CCUS).

Canada's Infrastructure Bank

The Canada Infrastructure Bank is mandated to invest at least \$10 billion through its Clean Power priority area and \$10 billion through its Green Infrastructure priority area.

The Smart Renewables and Electrification Pathways Program (SREPs) This program supports eligible projects that can transform our electricity sector as we move toward a net-zero economy by 2050.

Strategic Innovation Fund

Provides \$500 million over ten years in innovative projects that helps grow Canada's economy. The fund will also direct up to \$1.5 billion of its existing resources towards projects in sectors including clean technologies, critical minerals, and industrial transformation.

Sustainable Canadian Agricultural Partnership (CAP) in Alberta Launched as a five year program from 2023-2028, this \$3.5 billion investment includes \$1 billion in federal programs and activities and \$2.5 billion in cost-shared programs and activities by federal-provincial-territorial governments. The Sustainable CAP framework represents a cost-shared federal-provincial investment of \$508 million over 5 years toward strategic programs and services for the agriculture and agri-food industry in Alberta.

International Technology Partnership (ITP)

This program pairs Alberta SMEs with international partners for joint projects to prove product value and advance commercialization. Funding up to \$250,000 is available for 18 months, matched by the applicant and partner. Valid projects include minimum viable product development or pilot, Alberta-based SMEs, and projects that include international project partner(s).

Product Demonstration Program (PDP)

This program supports SMEs working with a "Strategic Partner" to prove the technical and business merits of the product in an operational environment. Funding up to \$150,000 is available for a 12-month term and is matched by the applicant. Valid projects include the development of core technology, pilots or demonstrations, Alberta-based SMEs and Validating (TRL 7-9).

Agri-Food and Bioindustrial Innovation Program

This program provides opportunities to accelerate the development, deployment, and implementation of advanced innovations that build capacity and increase value-added capabilities across the value chain and further create new business potential and markets for Alberta's bioeconomy. Areas of investment include biofibre utilization, value-added biomass and green construction.

Alberta Indian Tax Exemption (AITE)

This program consists of an exemption from taxes and levies for eligible consumers and bands including:

- An exemption from taxes and levies for fuel products purchased on reserve in Alberta or delivered to a reserve.
- An exemption from taxes and levies for tobacco products purchased on reserve in Alberta.
- An exemption from taxes and levies for accommodation purchased on reserves in Alberta.
- A refund of the Alberta fuel tax to fuel sellers when the fuel is sold or delivered to eligible consumers on reserve in Alberta.
- A refund of the Alberta tobacco tax on tobacco products sold by retailers to eligible consumers on reserve in Alberta.
- A refund of the Alberta tourism levy to operators that provide accommodation on reserve to eligible consumers.
- Information for tobacco wholesalers and fuel suppliers that provide products to registered retailers making tax-exempt sales to eligible consumers.

MUNICIPAL INCENTIVE PROGRAMS

The Property Tax Incentives Act

This law allows municipalities to create a single bylaw to give tax breaks to businesses for up to 15 years on property taxes and machinery/equipment taxes.

Municipalities set eligibility criteria and application processes for businesses to apply for these incentives. Each bylaw also must establish eligibility criteria and application processes to streamline tax incentive offers instead of requiring a separate council resolution or bylaw for each property. The Machinery and Equipment Tax Incentives Act allows municipalities to pass a bylaw enabling them to reduce or eliminate property taxes for up to 15 years on machinery and equipment.

Heartland Incentive Program (HIP)

This incentive program is offered by the five-member municipalities (City of Edmonton, City of Fort Saskatchewan, Lamont County, Strathcona County, and Sturgeon County) of the Alberta Industrial Heartland Association (AIHA) to encourage industrial development in Alberta's Industrial Heartland.

The program provides incentives valued between 1% and 2.5% of a project's total capital cost, but specific incentive opportunities vary depending on the municipality. An eligible project must:

- Be physically located within Alberta's Industrial Heartland
- Be within the energy value chain or associated infrastructure.
- Be either a new construction or expansion project.
- Have a capital cost greater than \$50 million.
- Employ at least 250 construction workers or 15 permanent staff after construction concludes.
- Not be transitioning development from one Alberta Industrial Heartland municipality to another.
- Meet other legal and financial requirements as outlined in specific municipal bylaws.

MUNICIPAL INCENTIVE PROGRAMS

City of Edmonton Development Incentive Program

This application-based incentive program offers matching grants of up to a maximum of \$100,000 for constructing new commercial buildings or up to a maximum of \$200,000 for constructing new mixed-use developments. Funding is limited for this program. Applications are evaluated based on how well they meet the design principles and intent of the program, and the availability of funding.

City of Edmonton Storefront Improvement Program Commercial properties located in areas deemed to be 'Business Improvement Areas', may be eligible for a matching reimbursement grant for exterior storefront improvements of up to \$50,000.



TAXATION





Alberta has the lowest corporate tax rate in Canada.

FILING TAXES

In Canada, taxes must be filed annually.

Corporate Tax

- A Canadian subsidiary is obligated to pay income tax on its global earnings
- At a rate of 25%, subsidiaries are subject to withholding taxes on payments (i.e., dividends) to non-residents, including foreign shareholders (tax treaties may offset these amounts).
- Only the income earned by a branch from business operations is subject to taxation
- A statutory branch tax is imposed on a foreign corporation's after-tax source income at a rate of 25% unless this income has been reinvested in Canada (tax treaties may reduce this to 5%).
- Deductions
 - The Alberta calculation of taxable income follows the federal calculation, although taxpayers may claim different discretionary deductions such as capital cost allowance for federal and provincial purposes.
 - Canadian-controlled private corporations not in an associated group, may claim a small business deduction on active business income (that is, noninvestment income), up to a \$500,000 threshhold. Canadian-controlled private corporations in an associated group share the maximum small business threshold.

PERSONAL INCOME TAX

Deductions

- Companies that set up operations in the Edmonton region can take advantage of Alberta's low payroll taxes. Among all Canadian provinces, Alberta boasts the highest basic personal and spousal amounts.
- In 2022, Alberta resumed indexation of the provincial personal income tax system for inflation. Tax bracket thresholds and credit amounts increased by 2.3% in 2022 and by 6% in 2023.

Credits

• Alberta Child and Family Benefit: provides direct financial assistance to lower-income Alberta families with children, with amounts increasing based on the number of children in the family (to a maximum of four children). The benefit is distributed quarterly with payments in August, November, February, and May.

Tax Treaties

Canada currently has tax treaties with nearly 100 different countries.

- United States: One of the aims of the tax treaty between Canada and the United States is to provide relief from taxation in both the U.S. and Canada for income earned by Canadians. U.S. citizens and Canadian residents are taxed on their world income. Canadians with income earned in the United States avoid having money withheld for taxes. In order to do this, a Canadian citizen must promise to declare their U.S. income on their Canadian tax return.
- Other Countries: Relief for foreign taxes in the Canadian system is accomplished through a tax credit and deduction mechanism. A foreign tax credit of up to 15% for any foreign tax withheld at source on property income (other than income from real property) is allowed, although the credit cannot exceed Canadian tax payable on the foreign income. When the foreign tax exceeds 15% of the income, the excess foreign taxes may be allowed as a deduction from the property income. This provision can have adverse implications for foreign citizens who have foreign property income and live in Canada.
- Foreign social security taxes, other than United States (US) social security taxes paid under the United States Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), generally do not qualify as non-business income taxes for foreign tax credit purposes.





FINDING AND RECRUITING TALENT



FINDING AND RECRUITING TALENT

Several federal and provincial **resources** are available for employers in the Edmonton region.

Canada Summer Jobs:

Helps employers create summer job opportunities for full-time students between the ages of 15 to 30 years old.

Canada-Alberta Job Grant:

A training program where an employer applies on behalf of employees for eligible training costs. Employers decide who gets training and what type of training may be needed for their employees.

Canada Focus Green Jobs:

Helps employers create summer job opportunities for full-time students between the ages of 15 to 30 years old.



FINDING AND RECRUITING TALENT

Recruiting international talent

Immigration policies in Canada prioritize the needs of business. The Canadian government understands the importance of a business-friendly and adaptable workforce. There are several immigration streams available:

- Citizenship and Immigration Canada: If you choose to apply through this channel, an immigration officer will consider your complete application based on Canada's immigration law.
- Intra-company transfer: The intra-company category allows international companies to temporarily transfer qualified employees to Canada for the purpose of improving management effectiveness, expanding Canadian exports, and enhancing competitiveness in overseas markets.

The entry of intra-company transfers is guided by Immigration and Refugee Protection Regulations and is supplemented by provisions contained in international trade agreements for citizens of signatory countries.

- Qualified intra-company transferees require work permits and are exempt from the Labour Market Impact Assessment as they provide significant economic benefit to Canada through the transfer of their expertise to Canadian businesses. This applies to foreign nationals from any country.
- There's also an exemption for intra-company transferees who are citizens of a country that has signed a free trade agreement (FTA) with Canada, for example, NAFTA (and similar FTAs). This supplements the Immigration and Refugee Protection Act general provisions.



REFERENCES & RESOURCES



APPENDIX

List 1: Banks:

- 1. ATB Financial 2. BMO Bank of Montreal
- 3. RBC Royal Bank
- 4. TD Bank
- 5. Scotiabank

6.CIBC

- 7. HSBC Bank Canada
- 8. National Bank Financial
- 9. Canadian Western Bank

List 2: Financial cooperatives:

List of Credit Unions registered in Alberta - 2021-1101

- 1. ABCU Credit Union Ltd
- 2. Bow Valley Credit Union Limited
- 3. Christian Credit Union Limited
- 4. Connect First Credit Union Ltd
- 5. Encompass Credit Union Ltd.
- 6.1st Choice Savings and Credit Union Ltd
- 7. Khalsa Credit Union (Alberta) Limited
- 8. Lakeland Credit Union Ltd
- 9. Rocky Credit Union Ltd
- 10. Servus Credit Union Ltd
- 11. TransCanada Credit Union Ltd
- 12. Vermilion Credit Union Limited
- 13. Vision Credit Union Limited



REFERENCES AND RESOURCES

Establish A New Business

- 1. Incorporate an Alberta corporation | Alberta.ca
- 2. Incorporation forms for businesses | Alberta.ca
- 3. Online Extra-provincial Registration (alberta.ca)
- 4. <u>Register your Alberta business in BC, Manitoba or Saskatchewan</u> | <u>Alberta.ca</u>
- 5. Cooperatives forms | Alberta.ca
- 6. Intellectual Property Guidelines
- 7. Search Nuans members by region Nuans
- 8. Immigration and citizenship Canada.ca
- 9. <u>Application for Permanent Residence Business Immigration</u> <u>Program – Start-up Business Class (IMM 5759) - Canada.ca</u>
- 10. <u>International Mobility Program: Canadian interests Significant</u> <u>benefit – Intra-company transferees [R205(a)] (exemption code C12)</u> - Canada.ca
- 11. New to Canada SUV Program Alberta IoT Association

How To Open a Business Bank Account

- 1. Get more with an RBC Business Bank Account (rbcroyalbank.com)
- 2. Business Banking | ATB Financial
- 3. Open a Small Business Bank Account | TD Canada Trust
- 4. How to open a business bank account (BMO)

Financing Options:

- 1. (Financial institutions Information for consumers | Alberta.ca)
- 2. (Small business | Alberta.ca)
- 3. (Public sector pensions Resources | Alberta.ca)
- 4. (Workforce Strategies grant | Alberta.ca)
- 5. Sustainable Canadian Agricultural Partnership in Alberta | Alberta.ca

Other Resources:

- <u>Registry Agent Product Catalogue (alberta.ca)</u>
- Law Society of Alberta (memberpro.net)
- realtorsofedmonton.com
- Welcome to ATESL | ATESL
- Find a business registry | Alberta.ca

Finding and Recruiting Talent

- (Resources for employers | Alberta.ca)
- <u>Canada Summer Jobs wage subsidies Canada.ca</u>
- <u>Career Focus Green Jobs (2016-2019) BioTalent Canada</u>

Incentives & Investment Attraction

- 1. Edmonton-Global_Incentives-and-Investment-Attraction.pdf (edmontonglobal.ca):
- 2. "Property Tax Incentives." Government of Alberta. Accessed October 1, 2021. https://www.alberta.ca/property-tax-incentives.aspx
- 3. "The Opportunity Investor Overview." Alberta's Industrial Heartland Association. Accessed October 1, 2021. <u>https://industrialheartland.com/opportunity/</u>
- 4. Innovation Employment Grant | Alberta.ca)
- 5. Information circular IEG-1 Alberta Innovation Employment Grant
- 6. Guide to Claiming the Alberta Innovation Employment Grant
- 7. City of Edmonton, 2021 Edmonton Economic Recovery Construction Grant Incentive Policy Accessed Feb 1, 2021, <u>https://pub-</u> <u>edmonton.escribemeetings.com/Meeting.aspx?Id=55b02a78-faf5-4bea-</u>
- 8e76-5839314ec5e0&Agenda=Agenda&lang=English&Item=33&Tab=attachments
- 8. City of Edmonton, Business Improvement Area Grants, Accessed February 12, 2021

https://www.edmonton.ca/business_economy/business_resources/businessimprovement-area-grants.aspx

9. City of Edmonton, 2021 Edmonton Economic Recovery Construction Grant Incentive Policy Accessed Feb 1, 2021, <u>https://pub-</u> edmonton.escribemeetings.com/Meeting.aspx?Id=55b02a78-faf5-4bea-<u>8e76-</u>

5839314ec5e0&Agenda=Agenda&lang=English&Item=33&Tab=attachments 10. <u>Alberta Bio Future | Alberta Innovates</u>

Deduction & Tax Credits

- 1. (Corporate income tax | Alberta.ca)
- 2. Information Circular CT-1 Overview of the Alberta Corporate Income Tax Program
- 3. AT1 Schedule 4 (Form AT201) Alberta Foreign Investment Income Tax Credit
- 4. ((Alberta Indian Tax Exemption (AITE) | Alberta.ca)
- 5. (Film and Television Tax Credit | Alberta.ca)
- 6. Alberta Agri-processing Investment Tax Credit | Alberta.ca
- 7. (Personal income tax | Alberta.ca)
- 8. (Alberta Child and Family Benefit | Alberta.ca)
- 9. Instructions for Form W-8BEN (10/2021) | Internal Revenue Service (irs.gov)
- 10. Tax treaties Canada.ca
- 11. Alberta Petrochemicals Incentive Program | Alberta.ca
- 12. Alberta Carbon Capture Incentive Program | Alberta.ca

Site Selection

1. Real Estate and Site Selection | Edmonton Global

How EG can help?

1. How We Can Help | Edmonton Global

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